

## Safety Data Sheet

# 11 Mix volatile halohydrocarbons in methanol

Version : V2.0.0.1

Report No. : BWQ8404-2016-MSDS-EP

Creation Date : 2026/01/19

Revision Date : -



\*Prepared in accordance with EU REACH Regulation (REACH 1907/2006 with amendment 2020/878)

## 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product Name	11 Mix volatile halohydrocarbons in methanol
Cat No.	BWQ8404-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable
REACH Registration Number	-
UFI	No information available

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number	010-58103678
Opening hours	24h

## 2 Hazards identification

### 2.1 CLP classification according to Regulation ( EC ) No. 1272/2008 with amendment 2023/707

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 3
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 1
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Category 1

## 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	<b>Danger</b>

## Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

## Precautionary statements

### ◆ Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### ◆ Response

P311	Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

<b>P361+P364</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
<b>P370+P378</b>	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
<b>P303+P361+P353</b>	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].

◆ Storage

<b>P405</b>	Store locked up.
<b>P403+P233</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
<b>P403+P235</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

◆ Disposal

<b>P501</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>P502</b>	Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling.

## 2.3 Other hazards

◆ Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment [according to (EC) No 1907/2006]
<b>Methanol</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>Chloroform</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	Not PBT/vPvB
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Not PBT/vPvB

◆ Results of endocrine disrupting properties assessment

Component	Results of endocrine disrupting properties assessment [according to (EU) No 2017/2100 or (EU) No 2018/605]
<b>Methanol</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>Chloroform</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate

<b>4</b>	
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate

◆ Other

Not applicable.

### 3 Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture

Component	Weight % content(or range)	Classification according to Regulation ( EC ) No. 1272/2008 with amendment 2023/707 [CLP]	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors
<b>Methanol</b> CAS : 67-56-1 EC : 200-659-6 Index No. : 603-001-00-X	98.603	Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225; Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 3, H301; Acute Toxicity - Dermal, Category 3, H311; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 3, H331; Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 1, H370	H370:C ≥ 10% H371:3% ≤ C < 10%
<b>Dichloromethane</b> CAS : 75-09-2 EC : 200-838-9 Index No. : 602-004-00-3	0.127	Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351	-
<b>Chloroform</b> CAS : 67-66-3 EC : 200-663-8 Index No. : 602-006-00-4	0.127	Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 4, H302; Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2, H315; Serious eye damage/irritation, Category 2, H319; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 3, H331; Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351; Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361; Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1, H372	-
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b> CAS : 56-23-5 EC : 200-262-8 Index No. : 602-008-00-5	0.127	Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 3, H301; Acute Toxicity - Dermal, Category 3, H311; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 3, H331; Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351; Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1, H372; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) hazard, Category 3, H412; Hazardous to the ozone layer, Category 1, H420	H372:C ≥ 1% H373:0.2% ≤ C < 1%
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b> CAS : 75-34-3 EC : 200-863-5 Index No. : 602-011-00-1	0.127	Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225; Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 4, H302; Serious eye damage/irritation, Category 2, H319; Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; respiratory tract irritation, Category 3, H335; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic)	-

		hazard, Category 3, H412	
<b>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D4</b> CAS : 17060-07-0 EC : 627-507-5 Index No. : -	0.127	Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225; Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2, H315; Serious eye damage/irritation, Category 2, H319; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 3, H331; Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; respiratory tract irritation, Category 3, H335; Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350	-
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b> CAS : 71-55-6 EC : 200-756-3 Index No. : 602-013-00-2	0.127	Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 4, H332; Hazardous to the ozone layer, Category 1, H420	-
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b> CAS : 79-00-5 EC : 201-166-9 Index No. : 602-014-00-8	0.127	Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 4, H302; Acute Toxicity - Dermal, Category 4, H312; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 4, H332; Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351; Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking, EUH066	-
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b> CAS : 78-87-5 EC : 201-152-2 Index No. : 602-020-00-0	0.127	Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225; Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 4, H302; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 4, H332; Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350	-
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b> CAS : 96-18-4 EC : 202-486-1 Index No. : 602-062-00-X	0.127	Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 4, H302; Acute Toxicity - Dermal, Category 4, H312; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 4, H332; Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350; Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B, H360	-
<b>Trichloroethylene</b> CAS : 79-01-6 EC : 201-167-4 Index No. : 602-027-00-9	0.127	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2, H315; Serious eye damage/irritation, Category 2, H319; Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; narcotic effects, Category 3, H336; Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2, H341; Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) hazard, Category 3, H412	-
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b> CAS : 127-18-4 EC : 204-825-9 Index No. : 602-028-00-4	0.127	Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) hazard, Category 2, H411	-

## 4 First-aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<b>General advice</b>	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
<b>Eye contact</b>	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer for medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Induce vomiting (ONLY IN CONSCIOUS PERSONS!). Refer for medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.
<b>Protecting of first-aiders</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

**4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

1	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.
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**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

1	Treat symptomatically.
2	Symptoms may be delayed.

**5 Fire-fighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

**5.2 Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

1	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/or vapour concentration.
3	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
4	Liquid and vapour are flammable.
5	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
6	May expand or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

**6 Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
2	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
3	Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
4	Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
5	Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
6	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
7	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
2	In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
3	In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
4	Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
5	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
6	Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
7	Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
8	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
9	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
10	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
11	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
12	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
13	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

1	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.
2	Disposal considerations advice is contained in Section 13 of the SDS.

## 7 Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### ◆ Protective measures

1	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
2	Wear suitable protective equipment.
3	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### ◆ Measures to prevent fire

1	Use only non-sparking tools.
2	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
3	Use explosion proof equipment.
4	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

#### ◆ Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation

1	Not applicable.
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#### ◆ Advice on general occupational hygiene

1	Wash hands and face after using the substances.
2	Replace the contaminated clothing immediately.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

1	In addition to use mentioned in the Section 1.2, unforeseen other specific end uses.
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## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### ◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methanol	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	200	260	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	200	262	250	327.5
	European Union	200	260	-	-
	France	200	260	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	100	130	200	260
	Germany (DFG)	100	130	200	260
Dichloromethane	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	50	173	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	174	75	217.5
	European Union	100	353	200	706
	France	50	178	100	356
	Germany (AGS)	50	180	100	360
	Germany (DFG)	50	180	100	360
Chloroform	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	3	14.7	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	-	-	-
	European Union	2	10	-	-
	France	2	10	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	0.5	2.5	1	5
	Germany (DFG)	0.5	2.5	1	5
Carbon tetrachloride	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	5	31	-	-

	5)				
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	2	13	4	19.5
	European Union	1	6.4	5	32
	France	1	6.4	5	32
	Germany (AGS)	0.5	3.2	1	6.4
	Germany (DFG)	0.5	3.2	1	6.4
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	100	400	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	405	125	506.25
	European Union	100	412	-	-
	France	100	412	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	50	210	100	420
	Germany (DFG)	50	205	100	410
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	200	1090	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	350	1910	437.5	1910
	European Union	100	555	200	1110
	France	100	555	200	1110
	Germany (AGS)	100	550	100	550
	Germany (DFG)	100	550	100	550
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	10	55	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	10	55	15	82.5
	Germany (AGS)	1	5.5	2	11
	Germany (DFG)	1	5.5	2	11
	Austria	10	55	50	275
	Belgium	10	56	-	-
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	1	4.6	-	-
	Permissible exposure	75	347	112.5	433.75

	standards for workers in the workplace				
	France	75	350	-	-
	Austria	75	350	375	1750
	Belgium	10	47	-	-
	Denmark	75	350	150	700
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	302	75	377.5
	Austria	50	300	250	1500
	Belgium	0.005	0.03	-	-
	Denmark	0.1	0.6	0.2	1.2
	Finland	3	18	-	-
	Ireland	0.005	-	-	-
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	25	135	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	269	75	336.25
	European Union	10	54.7	30	164.1
	France	10	54.7	30	164.1
	Germany (AGS)	6	33	48	264
	Italy	10	54.7	30	164.1
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	339	75	423.75
	European Union	20	138	40	275
	France	20	138	40	275
	Germany (AGS)	10	69	20	138
	Germany (DFG)	10	69	20	138
	Italy	20	138	40	275

◆ Biological limit values

Component	Standard	Biological monitoring index	Biological limits value	Sampling time	Remark
<b>Methanol</b>	USA -ACGIH	Methanol(Urine)	15mg/L	End of shift	
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	SCOEL(EU)	COHb/blood	0.04	Not strictly regulated	
		methylene chloride/urine	0.3mg/L	Not strictly regulated	

		methylene chloride/blood	1.0mg/L	Not strictly regulated	
		Dichloromethane(Urine)	0.3mg/L	End of shift	
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	USA -ACGIH	Methyl chloroform(EXA)	20ppm	Prior to last shift of work week	
		Methyl chloroform(Urine)	700µg/L	End of shift	
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	SCOEL(EU)	trichloroacetic acid/urine	20mg/L	end of the last shift/work-week/shift period	
		Trichloroacetic acid(Urine)	15mg/L	End of shift at end of work week	
		Trichloroethanol, without hydrolysis(Blood)	0.5mg/L	End of shift at end of work week	
		Trichloroethylene(Blood)	Semi-quantitative	End of shift at end of work week	
		Trichloroethylene(EXA)	Semi-quantitative	End of shift at end of work week	
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	SCOEL(EU)	tetrachloroethylene/blood	0.4mg/L	prior to the last shift of a work-week	
		tetrachloroethylene/end-exhaled air	3ppm(0.435mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	prior to the last shift of a work-week	
		Tetrachloroethylene(EXA)	3ppm	Prior to shift	
		Tetrachloroethylene(Blood)	0.5mg/L	Prior to shift	

◆ Monitoring methods

1	EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.
2	GBZ/T 300 and GBZ/T 160 series standard Determination of toxic substances in workplace air.

◆ Derived No effect level (DNEL)

Component	Route of exposure	DNEL for Workers			
		Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
<b>Methanol</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	176 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>Chloroform</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	1.29 mg/m3
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D4</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	28.88 mg/m3
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	54.7 mg/m3
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	138 mg/m3
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

◆ Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
<b>Methanol</b>	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No potential for bioaccumulation
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	130 - 310 µg/L	31 - 130 µg/L	26 mg/L	163 - 2570 µg/kg sediment dw	163 - 260 µg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified	173 - 330 µg/kg soil dw	No potential for bioaccumulation
<b>Chloroform</b>	146 µg/L	15 µg/L	48 µg/L	450 µg/kg sediment dw	90 µg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified	560 µg/kg soil dw	No potential for bioaccumulation

								ulation
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	220 µg/L	22 µg/L	30 mg/L	No data available	No data available	No hazard identified	No data available	222 µg/kg food
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	130 µg/L	13 µg/L	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No potential for bioaccumulation
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	82 - 400 µg/L	8.2 - 40 µg/L	590 - 8600 µg/L	676 - 4150 µg/kg sediment dw	67.6 - 415 µg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified	87.9 - 600 µg/kg soil dw	No potential for bioaccumulation
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	88 µg/L	8.8 µg/L	2.9 mg/L	100 µg/kg sediment dw	10 µg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified	150 µg/kg soil dw	1.8 mg/kg food
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	115 - 576 µg/L	11.5 µg/L	2.6 mg/L	316 - 10200 µg/kg sediment dw	204 µg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified	155 - 1700 µg/kg soil dw	13.83 mg/kg food
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	51 µg/L	5.1 µg/L	11.2 mg/L	903 µg/kg sediment dw	90.3 µg/kg sediment dw	8.2 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 µg/kg soil dw	No potential for bioaccumulation

**Note 1:**

A: Freshwater; B: Seawater; C: Sewage treatment plant; D: Sediment (freshwater); E: Sediment (seawater); F: Air; G: Soil; H: Secondary poisoning(Hazard for Predators).

**Note 2:**

The PNEC values of the remaining components not shown in the product are not available yet.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

### 8.2.2 Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal dust proof gas mask.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls	No information available
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## 9 Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	colorless liquid
Colour	colorless liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-98 ( Methanol )
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	65 ( Methanol )
Flash point(Closed cup, °C)	9 ( Methanol )
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit : 50 ( Methanol ) ; Lower limit : 6 ( Methanol )
Vapor pressure	12.9 kPa ( 20°C,Methanol )
Vapor density(Air = 1)	1.1 ( Methanol )
Relative density(Water=1)	0.79 ( 20°C,Methanol )
Solubility	Miscible with water ( Methanol )
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	-0.74 ( Methanol )
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	440 ( Methanol )
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	0.544 mPa ( 25°C,Methanol )
Explosive properties	No information available
Oxidizing properties	No information available
Particle characteristics	Not applicable

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	No information available
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#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Other safety characteristics	No information available
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## 10 Stability and reactivity

### Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with oxidants causes severe reactions, and may cause a fire or explosion. Reactions with metals form metal organic compounds. In contact with metals, oxidants, triethyl aluminium, amines, boranes and their derivatives may cause an explosion severely.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.

<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum. Metal, oxidantss and alkali. Borane class and its derivatives, amines, metals, oxidants, triethyl aluminium, calcium and ethylene.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11 Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 with amendment 2023/707

11 Mix volatile halohydrocarbons in methanol	
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>STOT-single exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs(Category 1)
<b>STOT-repeated exposure</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	2350mg/kg(Rat)	> 20000mg/kg(Rabbit)	50.330mg/L(Rat)
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	1600mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	150mg/kg(Rat)	516mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
<b>Chloroform</b>	695mg/kg(Rat)	> 20000mg/kg(Rabbit)	47.702mg/L(Rat)
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	4920mg/kg(Rat)	> 20000mg/kg(Rabbit)	45.409mg/L(Mouse)
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	1947mg/kg(Rat)	10100mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	9600mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	98.209mg/L(Rat)
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	836mg/kg(Rat)	5350mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	2629mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	35.269mg/L(Mouse)
<b>Methanol</b>	5628mg/kg(Rat)	15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	83.867mg/L(Rat)
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	725mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	52.617mg/L(Rat)

#### Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP
<b>Methanol</b>	Not Listed	Not Listed
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	Category 2A	Category R
<b>Chloroform</b>	Category 2B	Category R
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	Category 2B	Category R
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	Not Listed	Not Listed

<b>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4</b>	Not Listed	Not Listed
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Category 2A	Not Listed
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Category 3	Not Listed
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	Category 1	Not Listed
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Category 2A	Category R
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	Category 1	Category K
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Category 2A	Category R

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Component	Endocrine disrupting properties
<b>Methanol</b>	No information available
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	No information available
<b>Chloroform</b>	No information available
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	No information available
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	No information available
<b>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4</b>	No information available
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	No information available
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	No information available
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	No information available
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	No information available
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	No information available
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	No information available

### 11.2.2 Other Information

<b>Other Information</b>	See Section 11.1
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## 12 Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 7.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 8.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 0.46mg/L (72h)(Algae)
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 193mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 1470mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 41.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 4.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 101mg/L (72h)(Algae)
<b>Chloroform</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : > 110mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available

<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 42.4mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 11mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 77mg/L (72h)(Algae)
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 160mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 30mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 83mg/L (96h)(Algae)
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 42.3mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 11.2mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 40mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 79.5mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 200mg/L (96h)(Algae)
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 14mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 1.3mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 27mg/L (72h)(Algae)
<b>Methanol</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : 24000mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 24500mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> : >110mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 34mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : >94mg/L (72h)(Algae)

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	No information available	NOEC : 0.49mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 0.12mg/L(Algae)
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	NOEC : 4.4mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	NOEC : 5.76mg/L(Fish)	NOEC : 2.1mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 45mg/L(Algae)
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	NOEC : 6~11mg/L(Fish)	NOEC : 0.96mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 11mg/L(Algae)
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	NOEC : 1.9mg/L(Fish)	NOEC : 0.023mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 9.1mg/L(Algae)
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	No information available	NOEC : 0.53mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 94mg/L(Algae)

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
<b>Methanol</b>	Low	Low
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	High(Half-life = 546 days)	High(Half-life = 2247.04 days)
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	High(Half-life = 730 days)	Medium(Half-life = 81.5 days)
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	High(Half-life = 720 days)	Low(Half-life = 25.54 days)
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	High(Half-life = 720 days)	Medium(Half-life = 160.13 days)

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
<b>Methanol</b>	Low	BCF=10
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Low	BCF=9
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Low	BCF=17
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Low	BCF=9
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Low	BCF=77.1

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Methanol	0.000	
Dichloromethane	1.67	20 °C
Chloroform	2.27	20 °C
Carbon tetrachloride	2.06	20 °C
1,1,1-trichloroethane	0.34	20 °C
1,1,2-trichloroethane	1.831	
1,2-dichloropropane	1.67	
1,2,3-trichloropropane	1.89	20 °C
Trichloroethylene	2.15	
Tetrachloroethylene	2.15	20 °C

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment [according to (EC) No 1907/2006]
Methanol	Not PBT/vPvB
Dichloromethane	Not PBT/vPvB
Chloroform	Not PBT/vPvB
Carbon tetrachloride	Not PBT/vPvB
1,1-dichloroethane	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
1,1,1-trichloroethane	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
1,1,2-trichloroethane	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
1,2-dichloropropane	Not PBT/vPvB
1,2,3-trichloropropane	Not PBT/vPvB
Trichloroethylene	Not PBT/vPvB
Tetrachloroethylene	Not PBT/vPvB

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Component	Endocrine disrupting properties
Methanol	No information available
Dichloromethane	No information available
Chloroform	No information available
Carbon tetrachloride	No information available
1,1-dichloroethane	No information available
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4	No information available
1,1,1-trichloroethane	No information available

1,1,2-trichloroethane	No information available
1,2-dichloropropane	No information available
1,2,3-trichloropropane	No information available
Trichloroethylene	No information available
Tetrachloroethylene	No information available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No information available
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## 13 Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

## 14 Transport information

### Label and Mark

Transporting Label	
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### IMDG-CODE

14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards (Yes or no)	No

### IATA-DGR

14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards (Yes or no)	No

### UN-ADR

14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No

(Yes or no)

**Special precautions for user**

Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

**Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

- ◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

**15 Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****International chemical inventory**

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Methanol	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Dichloromethane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Chloroform	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Carbon tetrachloride	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
1,1-dichloroethane	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√
1,1,1-trichloroethane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
1,1,2-trichloroethane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
1,2-dichloropropane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
1,2,3-trichloropropane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√
Trichloroethylene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Tetrachloroethylene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

- 【A】 China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)  
 【B】 European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)  
 【C】 United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)  
 【D】 Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)

- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)  
 [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)  
 [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)  
 [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)  
 [I] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)  
 [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)  
 [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)  
 [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances(DRAFT)  
 [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	A	B	C
Methanol	×	×	×
Dichloromethane	×	×	×
Chloroform	×	×	×
Carbon tetrachloride	√	×	×
1,1-dichloroethane	×	×	×
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D 4	×	×	×
1,1,1-trichloroethane	√	×	×
1,1,2-trichloroethane	×	×	×
1,2-dichloropropane	×	×	×
1,2,3-trichloropropane	×	×	×
Trichloroethylene	×	×	×
Tetrachloroethylene	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer  
 [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)  
 [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

### European chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Methanol	×	×	√	√	√	√	×	×	×
Dichloromethane	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×	×
Chloroform	×	×	√	√	√	×	√	×	×
Carbon tetrachloride	×	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×
1,1-dichloroethane	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE-D4	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
1,1,1-trichloroethane	×	×	×	√	√	×	×	×	×
1,1,2-trichloroethane	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×	×
1,2-dichloropropane	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×	×
1,2,3-trichloropropane	√	×	√	√	√	×	×	×	×

<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	√	√	√	√	√	×	×	×	×
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	×	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×

- [A] Candidate list of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under EU REACH regulation  
 [B] Substances requiring authorisation under EU REACH regulation  
 [C] Substances restricted under EU REACH  
 [D] Pre-registered substances under EU REACH  
 [E] Registered substances under EU REACH  
 [F] Substance Evaluation – CoRAP under EU REACH  
 [G] List of priority substances under EU water policy ( Directive 2455/2001/EC )  
 [H] Substances subject to POPs Regulation  
 [I] Substances proposed as POPs

Note:

- “√” Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.  
 “×” No data or not included in the regulations.

### German water hazard class(WGK)

Component	WGK	Remark
<b>Methanol</b>	WGK 2	
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	WGK 2	
<b>Chloroform</b>	WGK 3	
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	WGK 3	
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	WGK 3	
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	WGK 3	
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	WGK 3	
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	WGK 3	
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	WGK 3	
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	WGK 3	
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	WGK 3	

- 【WGK 1】 slightly hazardous to water  
 【WGK 2】 obviously hazardous to water  
 【WGK 3】 highly hazardous to water  
 【nwg】 non-hazardous to water  
 【awg】 hazardous to water in general

### German technical instructions on air quality control(TA LUFT)

Component	TA LUFT	Remark
<b>Methanol</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances, class I. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,10 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances, class I. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,10 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Chloroform</b>	Chapter 5.2.7.1.1 Carcinogenic Substances The substance must be assigned to the class (I, II or III)	

	whose substances have the nearest potency. We can not accomplish this evaluation due to insufficiency of data. Carcinogenic substances not mentioned by name and for which no information on potency is available should be assigned to Class I as a precautionary measure.	
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances, class I. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,10 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances. Class II. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,50 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 0,10 g/m <sup>3</sup> TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS ON AIR QUALITY CONTROL Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances. The following values, specified as overall carbon, are in all not allowed to be exceeded in exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,50 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> At old units with an annual mass flow till 1,5 Mg/a, specified as total carbon, the emissions in exhaust gas are not allowed to exceed 1,5 kg/h.	
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances. Class II. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,50 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 0,10 g/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances, class I. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,10 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	Chapter 5.2.7.1.1 Carcinogenic Substances The substance must be assigned to the class (I, II or III) whose substances have the nearest potency. We can not accomplish this evaluation due to insufficiency of data. Carcinogenic substances not mentioned by name and for which no information on potency is available should be assigned to Class I as a precautionary measure.	
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	Chapter 5.2.7.1.1 Carcinogenic Substances The substance must be assigned to the class (I, II or III) whose substances have the nearest potency. We can not accomplish this evaluation due to insufficiency of data. Carcinogenic substances not mentioned by name and for which no information on potency is available should be assigned to Class I as a precautionary measure.	

<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	Chapter 5.2.7.1.1 Carcinogenic substances. Class III. As minimum requirement, the following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 2,5 g/hr or Mass conc.: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances, class I. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,10 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

### German technical rules for hazardous substances (TRGS)

Component	TRGS	Remark
<b>Methanol</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800 TRGS 720 TRGS 721 TRGS 722 TRGS 723 TRGS 724	
<b>Dichloromethane</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
<b>Chloroform</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 410 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
<b>Carbon tetrachloride</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
<b>1,1-dichloroethane</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800 TRGS 720 TRGS 721 TRGS 722 TRGS 723 TRGS 724	
<b>1,1,1-trichloroethane</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
<b>1,1,2-trichloroethane</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
<b>1,2-dichloropropane</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 401 TRGS 410 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800 TRGS 720 TRGS 721 TRGS 722 TRGS 723 TRGS 724	
<b>1,2,3-trichloropropane</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 401 TRGS 410 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800	
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 401 TRGS 410 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	

<b>Tetrachloroethylene</b>	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
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## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

## 16 Other information

### Information on revision

<b>Creation Date</b>	2026/01/19
<b>Revision Date</b>	-
<b>Reason for revision</b>	-

### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>.
- [2] IARC, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: <https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/>.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: <http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/>.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://gestis-en.itrust.de/>.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC <sub>x</sub>	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P <sub>ow</sub>	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor		

### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to REACH Regulation. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.