

Safety Data Sheet

Petroleum in carbon tetrachloride

Version : V2.0.0.1

Report No. : BWQ7757-2016-MSDS-EP

Creation Date : 2025/12/29

Revision Date : -



*Prepared in accordance with EU REACH Regulation (REACH 1907/2006 with amendment 2020/878)

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name	Petroleum in carbon tetrachloride
Cat No.	BWQ7757-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable
REACH Registration Number	-
UFI	No information available

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number	010-58103678
Opening hours	24h

2 Hazards identification

2.1 CLP classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 with amendment 2023/707

Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 3
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - short-term (acute) hazard	Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) hazard	Category 2
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere

Precautionary statements

◆ Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

◆ Response

P311	Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314	Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P391	Collect spillage.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P361+P364	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
◆ Storage	
P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
◆ Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
P502	Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling.

2.3 Other hazards

◆ Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment [according to (EC) No 1907/2006]
Carbon tetrachloride	Not PBT/vPvB
Hexadecane	Not PBT/vPvB
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Not PBT/vPvB
Benzene	Not PBT/vPvB

◆ Results of endocrine disrupting properties assessment

Component	Results of endocrine disrupting properties assessment [according to (EU) No 2017/2100 or (EU) No 2018/605]
Carbon tetrachloride	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
Hexadecane	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
Benzene	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate

◆ Other

	Not applicable.
--	-----------------

3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

	Not applicable
--	----------------

3.2 Mixture

Component	Weight % content(or range)	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 with amendment 2023/707 [CLP]	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors
Carbon tetrachloride CAS : 56-23-5 EC : 200-262-8 Index No. : 602-008-00-5	99.9373	Acute Toxicity - Oral, Category 3, H301; Acute Toxicity - Dermal, Category 3, H311; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 3, H331; Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351; Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1, H372; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) hazard, Category 3, H412; Hazardous to the ozone layer, Category 1, H420	H372:C ≥ 1% H373:0.2% ≤ C < 1%
Hexadecane	0.040755	Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304	-

CAS : 544-76-3 EC : 208-878-9 Index No. : -			
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane CAS : 540-84-1 EC : 208-759-1 Index No. : 601-009-00-8	0.015675	Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225; Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304; Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2, H315; Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; narcotic effects, Category 3, H336; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - short-term (acute) hazard, Category 1, H400; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) hazard, Category 1, H410	-
Benzene CAS : 71-43-2 EC : 200-753-7 Index No. : 601-020-00-8	0.00627	Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225; Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304; Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2, H315; Serious eye damage/irritation, Category 2, H319; Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B, H340; Carcinogenicity, Category 1A, H350; Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1, H372	-

4 First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer for medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Give one or two glasses of water to drink. Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

1	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.
---	--

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

1	Treat symptomatically.
2	Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or water spray; Large fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not get water inside containers.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	May emit poisonous fumes on fire.
2	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
3	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.
2	Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
3	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
4	Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
5	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
6	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	Do not touch or cross spills.
2	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
3	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-virus suits.
4	Spray water disperses the vapor and dilutes the liquid spill.
5	Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
6	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
7	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
8	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
9	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
10	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.

6.4 Reference to other sections

1	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.
2	Disposal considerations advice is contained in Section 13 of the SDS.

7 Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

◆ Protective measures

1	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
2	Wear suitable protective equipment.
3	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

◆ Measures to prevent fire

1	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
---	---

◆ Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation

1	Not applicable.
---	-----------------

◆ Advice on general occupational hygiene

1	Wash hands and face after using the substances.
2	Replace the contaminated clothing immediately.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

1	In addition to use mentioned in the Section 1.2, unforeseen other specific end uses.
---	--

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Carbon tetrachloride	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	5	31	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	2	13	4	19.5
	European Union	1	6.4	5	32
	France	1	6.4	5	32
	Germany (AGS)	0.5	3.2	1	6.4
	Germany (DFG)	0.5	3.2	1	6.4
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Germany (DFG)	100	470	200	940
	Finland	300	1400	380	1800
	Switzerland	100	470	200	940
Benzene	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	1(individual excess lifetime risk of cancer 10 ⁻³)	-	-	-

	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	1	3.2	2	6.4
	European Union	0.2	0.66	-	-
	France	1	3.25	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	0.6	1.9	4.8	15.2
	Italy	1	3.25	-	-

◆ Biological limit values

Component	Standard	Biological monitoring index	Biological limits value	Sampling time	Remark
Benzene	SCOEL(EU)	benzene/blood	28 µg/L	immediately end of shift	
		phenylmercapturic acid/urine	46 µg/L creatinine	end of exposure/shift	
		S-Phenylmercapturic acid(Creatinine in urine)	25µg/g	End of shift	
		t,t-Muconic acid(Creatinine in urine)	500µg/g	End of shift	

◆ Monitoring methods

1	EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.
2	GBZ/T 300 and GBZ/T 160 series standard Determination of toxic substances in workplace air.

◆ Derived No effect level (DNEL)

Component	Route of exposure	DNEL for Workers			
		Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Carbon tetrachloride	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	1.29 mg/m ³
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Hexadecane	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	2035 mg/m ³
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Benzene	Inhalation	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Oral	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
	Dermal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

◆ Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Carbon tetrachloride	220 µg/L	22 µg/L	30 mg/L	No data available	No data available	No hazard identified	No data available	222 µg/kg food
Hexadecane	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No hazard identified	No data available	No data available
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No hazard identified	No data available	No potential for bioaccumulation
Benzene	80 µg/L	8 µg/L	39 mg/L	1.36 mg/kg sediment dw	136 µg/kg sediment dw	No data available	225 µg/kg soil dw	No potential for bioaccumulation

Note 1:

A: Freshwater; B: Seawater; C: Sewage treatment plant; D: Sediment (freshwater); E: Sediment (seawater); F: Air; G: Soil; H: Secondary poisoning(Hazard for Predators).

Note 2:

The PNEC values of the remaining components not shown in the product are not available yet.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

8.2.2 Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal dust proof gas mask.
Skin and body protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective clothing and chemical resistant shoes.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls	No information available
---------------------------------	--------------------------

9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	colorless liquid
Colour	colorless liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available

pH	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-23 (Carbon tetrachloride)
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	76.5 (Carbon tetrachloride)
Flash point(Closed cup, °C)	No information available
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit : No information available ; Lower limit : No information available
Vapor pressure	12.2kPa (20°C,Carbon tetrachloride)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	5.3 (Carbon tetrachloride)
Relative density(Water=1)	1.59 (Carbon tetrachloride)
Solubility	846.1mg/L (20 °C,Carbon tetrachloride)
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	2.64 (Carbon tetrachloride)
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available
Decomposition temperature(°C)	≥100 (Carbon tetrachloride)
Kinematic viscosity	No information available
Explosive properties	No information available
Oxidizing properties	No information available
Particle characteristics	Not applicable

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	No information available
--	--------------------------

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Other safety characteristics	No information available
------------------------------	--------------------------

10 Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with metals, oxidants, triethyl aluminium, amines, boranes and their derivatives may cause an explosion severely. In contact with an open flame may cause a fire or explosion. In contact with halides may cause an active reaction.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Borane class and its derivatives, amines, metals, oxidants, triethyl aluminium, calcium and ethylene. Oxidantss and halogen. Halides, oxidants and halogen.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 with amendment 2023/707

Petroleum in carbon tetrachloride	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(Category 1)
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Benzene	930mg/kg(Rat)	> 8260mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Carbon tetrachloride	2350mg/kg(Rat)	> 20000mg/kg(Rabbit)	50.330mg/L(Rat)

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP
Carbon tetrachloride	Category 2B	Category R
Hexadecane	Not Listed	Not Listed
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Not Listed	Not Listed
Benzene	Category 1	Category K

| 11.2 Information on other hazards

| 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Component	Endocrine disrupting properties
Carbon tetrachloride	No information available
Hexadecane	No information available
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	No information available
Benzene	No information available

| 11.2.2 Other Information

Other Information	See Section 11.1
--------------------------	------------------

12 Ecological information

| 12.1 Toxicity

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Benzene	LC ₅₀ : 21.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 10.9mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 1600mg/L (96h)(Algae)

Carbon tetrachloride	LC ₅₀ : 7.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 8.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 0.46mg/L (72h)(Algae)
-----------------------------	--	--	--

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Carbon tetrachloride	No information available	NOEC : 0.49mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 0.12mg/L(Algae)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Hexadecane	Low	Low
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	High	High

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Hexadecane	Low	Log Kow=8.199
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Medium	BCF=650

12.4 Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Carbon tetrachloride	2.06	20 °C
Hexadecane	≥6.3779 - ≤7.5362	20 °C , pH=7
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	≥2.7 - ≤3.56	20 °C , pH=7.0
Benzene	2.13	20 °C

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment [according to (EC) No 1907/2006]
Carbon tetrachloride	Not PBT/vPvB
Hexadecane	Not PBT/vPvB
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Not PBT/vPvB
Benzene	Not PBT/vPvB

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Component	Endocrine disrupting properties
Carbon tetrachloride	No information available
Hexadecane	No information available
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	No information available
Benzene	No information available

12.7 Other adverse effects

	No information available
--	--------------------------

13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label	
--------------------	---

IMDG-CODE

14.1 UN number	2810
14.2 UN proper shipping name	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	6.1
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards (Yes or no)	Yes

IATA-DGR

14.1 UN number	2810
14.2 UN proper shipping name	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	6.1
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards (Yes or no)	Yes

UN-ADR

14.1 UN number	2810
14.2 UN proper shipping name	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	6.1
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards (Yes or no)	Yes

Special precautions for user

	Transit should be anti-exposure, rain, high temperature. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, alkalis, oxidants, food and food additives etc. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.
--	---

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

- ◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

	Not Available
--	---------------

- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

	Not Available
--	---------------

- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

	Not Available
--	---------------

15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Carbon tetrachloride	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Hexadecane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	×	√	√
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Benzene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
 [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
 [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
 [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
 [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
 [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
 [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
 [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
 [I] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
 [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
 [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
 [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
 [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	A	B	C
Carbon tetrachloride	√	×	×
Hexadecane	×	×	×
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	×	×	×
Benzene	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
 [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
 [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

European chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Carbon tetrachloride	×	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×

Hexadecane	x	x	x	√	√	x	x	x	x
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	x	x	x	√	√	x	x	x	x
Benzene	x	x	√	√	√	x	√	x	x

- [A] Candidate list of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under EU REACH regulation
 [B] Substances requiring authorisation under EU REACH regulation
 [C] Substances restricted under EU REACH
 [D] Pre-registered substances under EU REACH
 [E] Registered substances under EU REACH
 [F] Substance Evaluation – CoRAP under EU REACH
 [G] List of priority substances under EU water policy (Directive 2455/2001/EC)
 [H] Substances subject to POPs Regulation
 [I] Substances proposed as POPs

Note:

- “√” Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
 “x” No data or not included in the regulations.

German water hazard class(WGK)

Component	WGK	Remark
Carbon tetrachloride	WGK 3	
Hexadecane	WGK 1	
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	WGK 2	
Benzene	WGK 3	

- 【WGK 1】 slightly hazardous to water
 【WGK 2】 obviously hazardous to water
 【WGK 3】 highly hazardous to water
 【nwg】 non-hazardous to water
 【awg】 hazardous to water in general

German technical instructions on air quality control(TA LUFT)

Component	TA LUFT	Remark
Carbon tetrachloride	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances, class I. The following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,10 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 20 mg/m ³	
Hexadecane	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances. The following values, specified as overall carbon, are in all not allowed to be exceeded in exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,50 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 50 mg/m ³ At old units with an annual mass flow till 1,5 Mg/a, specified as total carbon, the emissions in exhaust gas are not allowed to exceed 1,5 kg/h.	
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Chapter 5.2.5 Organic Substances. The following values, specified as overall carbon, are in all not allowed to be exceeded in exhaust gas: Mass flow: 0,50 kg/hr or Mass conc.: 50 mg/m ³ At old units with an annual mass flow till 1,5 Mg/a, specified as total carbon, the	

	emissions in exhaust gas are not allowed to exceed 1,5 kg/h.	
Benzene	Chapter 5.2.7.1.1 Carcinogenic substances. Class II. As minimum requirement, the following values are in all not allowed to be exceeded in the exhaust gas: Mass flow: 1,5 g/hr or Mass conc.: 0,5 mg/m ³	

German technical rules for hazardous substances (TRGS)

Component	TRGS	Remark
Carbon tetrachloride	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510	
Hexadecane	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800	
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 401 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800 TRGS 720 TRGS 721 TRGS 722 TRGS 723 TRGS 724	
Benzene	TRGS 201 TRGS 400 TRGS 555 TRGS 600 TRGS 402 TRGS 401 TRGS 410 TRGS 500 TRGS 509 TRGS 510 TRGS 800 TRGS 720 TRGS 721 TRGS 722 TRGS 723 TRGS 724	

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.
--	--

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/12/29
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>.
- [2] IARC, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: <https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/>.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: <http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/>.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://gestis-en.itrust.de/>.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE

MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC _x	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P _{OW}	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor		

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to REACH Regulation. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.